Complete Summary

TITLE

Perinatal care: percentage of newborns that were fed breast milk only during the newborn's entire hospitalization.

SOURCE(S)

Specifications manual for Joint Commission National Quality Core Measures [Version 2010A2]. Oakbrook Terrace (IL): The Joint Commission; 2010 Jan. 335 p.

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percentage of newborns that were fed breast milk only during their entire hospitalization.

RATIONALE

Exclusive breast milk feeding for the first 6 months of neonatal life has long been the expressed goal of World Health Organization (WHO), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG). ACOG has recently reiterated its position (ACOG, 2007). A recent Cochrane review substantiates the benefits (Kramer, et al., 2002). Much evidence has now focused on the prenatal and intrapartum period as critical for the success of exclusive (or any) BF (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [CDC], 2007; Petrova, et al., 2007; Shealy, et al., 2005; Taveras, et al., 2004). Exclusive breast milk feeding rate during birth

hospital stay has been calculated by the California Department of Public Health for the last several years using newborn genetic disease testing data. Healthy People 2010 and the CDC have also been active in promoting this goal.

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Exclusive breast milk feeding

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

Newborns discharged from the hospital (see the related "Denominator Inclusions/Exclusions" field in the Complete Summary)

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Newborns that were fed breast milk only since birth

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

 One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Use of this measure to improve performance

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING NEED FOR THE MEASURE

California Department of Public Health, Genetic Disease Branch. California inhospital breastfeeding as indicated on the newborn screening test form, statewide, county and hospital of occurrence. [internet]. 2006[accessed 2010 Feb 11].

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Breastfeeding trends and updated national health objectives for exclusive breastfeeding--United States, birth years 2000-2004. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep2007 Aug 3;56(30):760-3. PubMed

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity and Obesity. Breastfeeding report card, United States: outcome indicators. [internet]. Atlanta (GA): Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC); 2007[updated 2009 Oct 20]; [accessed 2010 Feb 11].

Committee on Health Care for Underserved Women, American College of Obstetricians. ACOG Committee Opinion No. 361: Breastfeeding: maternal and infant aspects. Obstet Gynecol2007 Feb;109(2 Pt 1):479-80. PubMed

Gartner LM, Morton J, Lawrence RA, Naylor AJ, O'Hare D, Schanler RJ, Eidelman AI. Breastfeeding and the use of human milk. Pediatrics2005 Feb;115(2):496-506. [216 references] PubMed

Ip S, Chung M, Raman G, Chew P, Magula N, DeVine D, Trikalinos T, Lau J. Breastfeeding and maternal and infant health outcomes in developed countries. Rockville (MD): Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ); 2007 Apr. 415 p.(Evidence report/technology assessment; no. 153).

Kramer MS, Kakuma R. Optimal duration of exclusive breastfeeding. Cochrane Database Syst Rev2002;(1):CD003517. [107 references] PubMed

Petrova A, Hegyi T, Mehta R. Maternal race/ethnicity and one-month exclusive breastfeeding in association with the in-hospital feeding modality. Breastfeed Med2007 Jun;2(2):92-8. PubMed

Shealy KR, Li R, Benton-Davis S, Grummer-Strawn LM. The CDC guide to breastfeeding interventions. Atlanta (GA): U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; 2005. 85 p.

Taveras EM, Li R, Grummer-Strawn L, Richardson M, Marshall R, Rego VH, Miroshnik I, Lieu TA. Opinions and practices of clinicians associated with continuation of exclusive breastfeeding. Pediatrics2004 Apr;113(4):e283-90. PubMed

- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Women's Health. HHS blueprint for action on breastfeeding. [internet]. Atlanta (GA): Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC); 2000[accessed 2010 Feb 11].
- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Healthy people 2010 midcourse review. Washington (DC): U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; 2007.

World Health Organization. Indicators for assessing breastfeeding practices. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization (WHO); 1991. 16 p.

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Accreditation
Collaborative inter-organizational quality improvement
Internal quality improvement

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Hospitals

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Measure is not provider specific

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Single Health Care Delivery Organizations

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Newborn

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Staying Healthy

IOM DOMAIN

Effectiveness

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

Newborns discharged from the hospital

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Live-born newborns discharged from the hospital

Exclusions

- Discharged from the hospital while in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU)
- International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) Principal Diagnosis Code or ICD-9-CM Other Diagnosis Codes for galactosemia as defined in Appendix A, Table 11.21 of the original measure documentation
- ICD-9-CM Principal Procedure Code or ICD-9-CM Other Procedure Codes for parenteral infusion as defined in Appendix A, Table 11.22 of the original measure documentation
- Experienced death
- Length of Stay greater than 120 days
- Enrolled in clinical trials
- Documented Reason for Not Exclusively Feeding Breast Milk

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Clinical Condition Institutionalization Therapeutic Intervention

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window brackets index event

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Newborns that were fed breast milk only since birth

Exclusions

None

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Institutionalization

DATA SOURCE

Administrative data Medical record

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Exclusive breast milk feeding.

MEASURE COLLECTION

National Quality Core Measures

MEASURE SET NAME

Perinatal Care

DEVELOPER

Joint Commission, The

FUNDING SOURCE(S)

No external funding was received.

COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP THAT DEVELOPED THE MEASURE

The Perinatal Care Technical Advisory Panel (PC TAP) recommended which NQF-endorsed Perinatal Care measures should be included in the set. Members of the PC TAP are enumerated at:

http://www.jointcommission.org/PerformanceMeasurement/PerformanceMea

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Expert panel members have made full disclosure of relevant financial and conflict of interest information in accordance with National Quality Forum (NQF) and The

Joint Commission's Conflict of Interest policies, copies of which are available upon written request to The Joint Commission.

ADAPTATION

This Perinatal Care measure has been adapted from a National Quality Forum (NQF)-endorsed measure.

PARENT MEASURE

Exclusive Breastfeeding During Birth Hospitalization [California Maternal Quality Care Collaborative]

RELEASE DATE

2009 Oct

REVISION DATE

2010 Jan

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

SOURCE(S)

Specifications manual for Joint Commission National Quality Core Measures [Version 2010A2]. Oakbrook Terrace (IL): The Joint Commission; 2010 Jan. 335 p.

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Exclusive Breast Milk Feeding," is published in "Specifications Manual for Joint Commission National Quality Core Measures [Version 2010A2]." This document is available from the The Joint Commission Web site.

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by The Joint Commission on January 15, 2010 and reviewed accordingly by ECRI Institute on February 8, 2010.

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